REV. DR. TALMAGE PREACHES ON HOME AND RELIGION.

The Elequent Divise Makes a Strong Plea for the Gospel-A Sermon that Takes

BROOKLYN, April 15 .- In the great audlence which assembled in the Brookstrangers. Rev. Dr. Talmage chose for the subject of bis sermon "Home Religion," taking his text from Luke viii, 39, how great things God bath done unto beard it.

After a fierce and shipwrecking night, the slaty shelving of the beach. How dren. Your are not emperor; you are pleasant it is to stand on solid ground companion with them. As far as you billows! While the disciples are con- them, fly kite with them, play ball with gratulating each other on their marine them, show them that you are interested escape, out from a dark, deep cavern on in all that interests them. Spensippus, the Gadarene hills there is something the nephew and successor of Plato in the swiftly and terribly advancing. Is it an academy, had pictures of joy and gladapparition? Is it a man? Is it a wild ness bung all around the schoolroom. away from his keepers, perhaps a few pression that when they come to you rags on his person and fragments of they are playful ripples striking against stoat shackles which he has wrenched a rock. You must have them underoff in terrific paroxysm. With wild yell stand that you were a boy once yourself and bleeding wounds of his own lacera. that you know a boy's hilarities, a boy's

tion he flies down the bill. Back to the boats, ye fishermen, and put out to sea and escape assassination! But Christ stands his ground; so do the you are some distant supernatural effuldisciples, and as this flying fury, with gence, and you may shove them off by gnashing teeth and uplified fi-ts, dashes | your rigorous behavior, but the time will Down at my feet, theu poor sufferer," and the demoniac drops barmless, ex- tempt. hausted, worshipful. "Away, ye'devils!" commanded Christ, and the 2,000 fiends which had been tormen ing the poor man are transferred to the 2,000 swine which go to sea with their accursed cargo.

The restored demoniac sits down at Christ's feet and wants to stay there. Christs says to him practically: "D; not stop. You bave a mission to execute. Wash off the filth and the wounds in the sea, smooth your disheveled locks, cut on decent apparel and go straight to your desolated home and tell your wif: and children that you will no more affright them, and no more do hem harm; that you are restored to reason, and that I. or nipotent Son of God, am entitled bereafier to the worship of your entire household Return to thine own house and shew how great things God hath done unto thee "

Yes, the house, the home, is the first place where our religious gratitude ought to be demonstrated. In the outside world we may seem to have religion when we bave it not but the home tests whether our religion is genuine or a sham. What makes a happy home?

Well, one would say a house with great wide halls, and antiered deer heads, and periors with sculpture and bric a brac, and dming hall with easy chair and plenty of light, and engravings of game on the wall, and sleeping spartments commodious and adorned. No. In such a place as that gigantic wretched. ness has sometimes dwelt, while some of you look back to your father's house, where they read their Bibble by the light of a tailow candle. There were no car brought them to shape under his slow shuttle. Not a luxury in all the house! But you cannot think of it this morning without tearful and greatful emotion. You and I have found out that it is not rich tapestry, or gorgeous architecture, or rare art that makes a happy home.

The six wise men of Greece gave prescriptions for a happy home. Solon says a happy home is a place where a man' estate was gotten without injustice, kept without disquietude and spent without repentance. Chilo says that a happy a monarch a kingdom. Bias says that a happy home is place where a man does volunatrily what by law he is compelled to do abroad. But you and I, under a grander light, give a better prescription. A happy home is a place where the kindness of the gospel of the Son of God bas

While I speak this morning there is knecking at your front door, if he lie not tiny. already admitted, one whose locks are wet with the dews of the night, who would take your children into his arms and would throw upon your nursery, and drawing room, and your entire house a blessing, that will make you rich while you live and be an inheritance to your children after you have done the last them the last prayer. It is the illustricus one who said to the man of my text, "Return to thine own house and shew how great things God hath done unto thee." Now, in the first place, we want

religion in our domestic duties. Every housekeeper needs great grace, vantageously. Expenses will run up, martyrs of the fire are very few in com- eternity is here. parison with the martyrs of housekeeping. Yet there are hund eds of people

discipline of your children. The rod dous thing at the last day if some shall which in other homes may be the first say of us: "I never heard my father means used in yours will be the last. pray. I never heard my mother pray." There will be no harsh epithets-"you knave, you villain, you scoundrel, I'll all our home sorrows. There are 10,000 trash the life out of you; you are the questions that come up in the best regu-worst child I ever knew." All that lated household that must be settled. kind of chastisement makes thieves pick | Perhaps the father has one favorite in peckets, murderers and the outlaws of the family, and the mother another favsociety. That parent who in anger orite in the family, and there are many strikes his child across the head deserves | questions that need delicate treatment. the penitentiary. And yet this work of grace can direct us. Alas, for those who love God, there will be a spirit of selfis a healthful medium which the grace of God will show to us.

Then we need the religion of Christ to help us in setting a good example. Cowper said of the oak. "Time was when be obedient to your masters," and the settled on thy leaf a fly could shake thee family will be like a garden on a summer to the root. Time has been when temp. morning—the grass plot and the flowers est could not." In other words, your and the vines, and the arch of honeychildren are very impressible just now. suckle standing in the sunlight glitter-They are alert; they are gathering im ing with dew. fact that he knew all about it?

the time to be wrong, they take to be sorrow and they die. During the past they will rest under the shade of the right. They reason this way: "Fath few years there have been tens of thous- trees in peace and love.

er always does right. Father did this. Therefore this is right." That is good distresses. ogic but bad premises. No one ever gets over having a bad example set him. Your cenduct more than your teaching makes impression. Your laugh, your frown, your dress, your walk, your greetings, your goodbys, your comings, your goings, your habits at the table, the ones of your voice, are making an imression which will last a million years after you are dead, and the sun will be extinguished, and the mountains will lyn Tabernacle this afternoon were many crumble, and the world will die, and eternity will roll on in perpetual cylces, but there will be no dimurition of the force of your conduct upon the young "Return to thine own house and shew eyes that saw it or the young ears that

Now, I would not have by this the idea given to you that you must be in Christ and his disciples are climbing up | cold reserve in the presence of your chilafter having been tossed so long on the can you must walk with them, skate with beast? It is a maniac who has broken You must not give your children the imtemptations, a boy's ambition-yea, that you are a boy yet. You may deceive them and try to give them the idea that at Christ, Christ says: "Hands off! come when they will find out the deception and they will have for you utter con

> Aristotle said that a boy should begin o study at 17 years of age. Before that his time should be given to recreation. I cannot adopt that theory. But this sug gests a truth in the right direction Childhood is too brief, and we have not enough sympathy with its sportfulness. We want divine grace to help us in the adjustment of all these matters.

Besides that, how are your children ever to become Christians if you your self are not a Christian? I have noticed that, however worldly and sinful parents may be, they want their children good When young people have presented themselves for admission into our membership, I bave said to them, "Are , cur father and mother willing that you shall come?" and they have said, "On yes; they are delighted to have us come. They have not been in church for 10 or 15 years, but they will be here next Saboath to see me baptized." I have noticed that parents, however worldy, want their children good. So it was demonstrated in a police

court in Canada, where a mother, her little child in her arms, sat by a table on which her own handcuffs lav, and the lit ile babe took up the handcuffs and played with them and had great glee. She knew not the sorrow of the hour. And then when the mother was sent to prison the mother cried out: "Oh, God, let not | but God will stoop, and spirits will listhis babe go into the jail! Is there not some mether here who will take this prays!" child? It is good enough for heaven. It is pure. I am bad. I am wicked. Is there not some who will take this child? I cannot have it tainted with the prison" "said the mother, "not you, not you. ball, and then sent to the weaver, who Is there not some good mother here who with the family Bibleon her lap readthe officer of the law in mercy and pity took the child to carry it away to find a large and a tear will start, and the law in mercy and pity and peculiar solemnity will come to first Congress.) home for it, the mother, kissed it lovingly goodby and said, "Goodby, my children will say, "Mother, what makes you cry?" and she will say, "Nothing darling. It is better you should never see me again."

However worldy and sinful people are they want their children good. How are you going to have them good? Buy them a few good books? Teach them a few excellent catechisms? Bring them to church? That is all very well, but of lithome is the place where a man rules as the final result unless you do it with the grace of God in your heart. Do you not realize that your children are started for eternity? Are they on the right road? Those little forms that are now bright and beautiful—when they have scattere in the dust, there will be an immortal spirit living on in a mighty theater of action, and your faithfulness or your neglect now is deciding that des-

There is contention aiready among ministering spirits of salvation and fallen angels as to who shall have the masyour sleeping apartments, and your tery of that immortal spirit. Your children are soon going out in the world. The temptations of life will rush upon them. The most rigid resolution will bend in the blast of evil. What will be day's work for their support and made for the result? It will require all the restraints of the gospel, all the strength of a father's prayer all the influence of a Christian mother's example to keep

them. You say it is too early to bring them. Too early to bring them to God? Do you know how early children were taken to If Martha had had more religion, she the ancient passover? The rule was just would not have rushed with such bad as soon as they could take hold of the temper to scold Mary in the presence of father's hand and walk up Mount Mori-Christ. It is no small thing to keep or. ah they should be taken to the passover. der, and secure cleanliness, and mend Your children are not too young to come breakages, and achieve economy, and to & .. While you sit here and think cotrol all the affairs of the household ad- of them perhaps their forms now so bright and beautiful vanish from you and store bills will come in twice as large as their disembodied spirit rises, and you Augusta over in Carolina, of the severe you think they ought to be, furniture will see it after the life of virtue or crime is punishment inflicted upon an ignorant ries." wear out, carpets will unravel, and the past, and the judgment is gone, and

A Christian minister said that in the first year of his pastorate he tried to perin this church this morning who in their suade a young mechanic of the importhomes are managing all these affairs ance of family worship. Some time with a composure, an adroitness, an in- passed, and the mechanic came to the genuity and a faithfulness which they pastor's study and said: "Do you renever could have reached but for the member that girl? That was my own grace of our practical Christianity. The child. She died this morning very sud exasperations which wear out others denly. She has gone to God, I have no have been to you spiritual development doubt, but if so she has told him what I and sanctification. Employments which | tell you now-t at child has never heard seemed to relate only to an bour have a prayer in her father's house, never on them all the grandeurs of eternal his- heard a prayer from her father's lips Oh, it I only had her back again one day You need the religion of Christ in the to do my duty." It will be a tremen

Again, I remark, we want religion in Tyrany and arbitrary decision have discipline must be attended to. God's no place in a household. If the parents come to the work with fierce passion and sacrifice, and a spirit of forgiveness, and recklessness! Between serverity and a kindness which will throw its charm laxativeness there is no choice. Both over the entire household. Christ will ruinous and both destructive. But there come into that household and will say: ·Husbands love your wives and be not bitter against them. Wives, see that you reverence your ausbands. Children obey cur parents in the Lord. Servants

you not been surprised sometimes, months or years after some conversation few families that escape the stroke of fiwhich you supposed was too profound or nancial mistortune. Financial mistorintricate for them to understand-some tune comes to a house where there is no question of the child demonstrated the religion. They kick against divine allottments, they curse God for the incom-Your children are apt to think that ing calamity, they withdraw from the what you do is right. They have no world because they cannot hold as high ideal of truth or righteousness but your- a position in society as they once did, self. Things which you do, knowing at and they fret, and they scowl, and they

ands of men destroyed by their financial

But misfortune comes to the Chris tain household. If religion has full sway in that home, they stoop gracefully. They says, "This is right." The father says, "Perhaps money was getting to be my idol. Perhaps God isgoing to make me a better Christian by putting me through the furnace of ribulation. Besides that, why should I fret anyhow? He who owneth the cattle on a thousands hills and out of whose hand all the fowls of heaven peck their food is my Father. He clothe me the liles of the field: he will cieth me. If he takes care of the raven and the hawk, and the vulture, most certainly he will take care of me, his child."

Sorer troubles come-sickness and death. Loyed ones sleep the last child is buried You say: "Alas, out this bitter day! God has dealt very severely with me: I can never look up. God, I cannot bear it!" Christ comes in, and he says: "Hush, O trouble soul; it is well with the child! I will strengthen thee in all thy troubles. My grace is sufficient. When thou passeth through the waters, I will be with

When through the deep waters I call thee The rivers of sorrow shall not everflow For I will be with thee, thy troubles to

And sanctify to thee thy deepest distress. But there are hundreds of families represented here this morning where religion has been a great comfort. There are in your homes the pictures of your departed and things that have no wonderful value of themselves, but you keep them preciously and carefully because hands now still once touched them. A father has gone out of this household, a mother has gone out of this, a daughter just after her graduation, a son just as he was entering on the duties of life. And to other homes trouble will

come. I say it is not that you may be foreboding, not that you may do the unwise thing taking trouble by the forelock, but that | cord their votes not withstanding the you may be ready. We must go one by provisions of Clause 1 of the Rule. one. There will be partings in all our households. We must say farewell. We must die. And yet there are triumph- roll call, should he not vote, he shall ant strains that down these tremulous answer "present" so as to read: "Every accents: there are anthems that member shall be present within the whelm the dirge. Heaven is full of the hall of the house during its sittings, shout of delivered captives, and to the

sickles to harvest the sheaves of heav-Saints will to end the endure; Saftey will the shepard keep

Those he purchased for his sheep. Go home this day and ask the blessing on your noonday meal. Tonight et up the family altar. Do not wait until you become a Christian yourself. This day unite Christ to your household, for the Bible distinctly says that families that call not upon his name. Open the Bible and read a chapter; that will make you strong. Kneel down and offer the first prayer in your household It may be a broken petition, it may be only "God be merciful to me, a sinner." ten, and angles will chant, "Behold, he

Do not retire from this house this morning until you have resolved upon this matter. You will be gone. I will will take this child?" And then, when ling to her children, when she will stop, only I was thinking that this is the very Bible out of which my father and mother used to read at morning and evening prayer." All other things about you they may

forget, but train them up for God and neaven. They will not forget that. When a queen died, her three sons brought an offering to the grave. One over the grave and opened one of his t was the greatest demonstration of grandest gift we can bring to the seplchers of a Christian ancestry? It is have an unobstructed made us and the Christ who redeemed us. I cannot but believe that there are hundreds of parents in this house who have resolved to do their whole duty, and that at this moment they are passing into a better life, and having seen the grace of the gespel in this place today you are now fully ready to return to your own house and show what great things God has done unto you.

Though parents may in covenant be And have their heaven in view, They are not happy till they see Their children happy too.

May the Lord God of Abraham and be our God and the God of our children forever!

CUT HIS EARS OFF.

A Negro Man Severely Punished for In

AUGUSTA, Ga., April 15 .- News reached Augusta yesterday from Louis rille, a station on the Augusta and Knoxville road, about 75 miles from negro for his foolhardiness. It is said the shallow brained negro who lived in that town wrote a note to a young lady. Louisville, in which he made improper overtures.

The negro, who had more "nerve than judgment, incautiously presented the note himself to the lady on the street. He admonished her not to breathe a word about the contents of the missive for, if she did, he was apprehensive that he would be lynched by infuri-

ated citlzens. The lady took the note and turned it over to her father. The parent was ness and audacity of the negro which amounted to more than impertinence. The affair was talked about and it is reported a large posse of citizens was formed and started a search for the madly rash and adventurous negro who vas soon found. He was taken in charge by the mob and it is said he was was severely lashed and the wnipping continued until the negro was so weak

that he could not stand. The Ethiopian was so crueily beaten that welts were raised all over his body. After the flogging the most unhuman part of the punishment is said to have been inflicted. Some of the men went up to the negro and grabbed hold of his arms and legs to prevent resistance while others of the party used their knives and cut his ears off as close to his head as the keen blade could be run tbrough the skin.

After maining the negro it is reported the crowd escorted him to the banks of the Savannalı river which was only the Democratic party protested. three miles away and they made him cross the stream and come to the Geor- num rose to a point of order that gia shore and before letting him go they Catchings had exceeded the limit of notified him that it he returned to that time remaining to him.

GEN. H. W. Slocum, a gallant soldier of the Federal army during the late war, died at his home in Brooklyn on last Saturday. One by one the old heroes on both sides of the struggle are passing over to the other side where TOM REED REJOICES.

HE RULE TO COUNT A QUORUM ADOPTED IN THE HOUSE.

Forty-Nine Democrats Record Their Opposit on-To Check Filibustering-Dif-

WASHINGTON, April 17 .- The House was precipitated at once, upon the opening of the session today, into an animated, not to say bitter, controversy over the proposition to count a quorum. Immediately after the chaptain had concluded the Lord's Prayer, Mr. Catchings got the floor and stated that by direction of the committee on rules, he would withdraw the report of the committee made last week, proposing to fine members for unexcused absences and failures to vote. That naving been done, he offered the resolution agreed upon by the committee as a substitute for the DeArmond resolution, referred to the committee by the Democratic caucus last Friday. Following is the resolution:

Amend Rule 15, by inserting between Clauses 1 and 2 the following as Clauses 2 and change the number of Clauses and change the number of before the beginning thereof, the speaker shall name two members, one from each side of the pending question, if practicable, who shall take their places at the clerk's desk to tell the names of at least enough members who are in the hail of the House during the oil call who do not respond, when added to those responding, to make a quorum. If a quorum dues not respond on the roll call, then the names of those so noted or present shall be reported to the Speaker, who shall cause the list to be called from the cierk's desk and recorded on the journal; and in determining he presence of a quorum to do business, those who vo ed, those answered present and those so reported present, shall be considered. Members noted of may, when their names are called, re-

Amend Clause 1 of Rule 8 by adding thereto the following words: And on unless excused or necessarily preventgreat wide field of human sorrow there | ed. and shall vote on each question put ome now the reaper angels with keen unless he has a direct personal or pecuniary interest in the event of such question, and on a roll call should be not vote, he shall answer "present."

When it had been read Catchings asked unanimous consent that the pre vious question on the passage of the resolution be considered ordered, and that debate be closed in an hour and a half, the time to be controlled by the Speaker of the House. At once there was opposition manifested on the Dem God will pour out his fury upon the ocratic side, and so much confusion existed that the proceedings could not be distinguished at the Speaker's desk. Burrows asked to be allowed to offer

as a substitute for the rule reported, the rule inforced in the Fifty-first Congress, as representing the views of the minority. This was agreed to and the rule was read as follows: "On the demand of any

member or at the suggestion of the Speaker, the names of members sufficient to make a quorum in the hall of be gone, many years will pass, and per- the House who do not vote, shall be haps your younger children may forget | noted by the clerk and recorded in the pets on the floor save those made form the rags which your mother cut out night the rags which your mother cut out nigh and be counted and announced in determining the presence of a quorum to do business." (Clarise 3, Rule 15, Fifty-Catchings' request for unanimous

consent was then submitted, and Wells Dem ) of Wisconsin objected. Catchings then moved that the previous question be ordered on the passage of the resolution. On division, the vote was ayes, 128; nays, 98.

The Republicans generally against ordering the previous question. The yeas and nays were demanded and ordered, resulting yeas, 140; nays, 120; so the previous question was ordered. son brought gold, another brought Burrows said that the rule reported silver, but the third son came and stood by the committee and the substitute offered by him both contained the prinviens and let the blood drop upon his ciple of counting a quorum, differing mother's tomb, and all who saw it said only as to detail. Not desiring to embarrass or delay the option of the prinaffection. My friends, what is the ciple by the House, desiring rather that the Damocratic majority should a life all consecrated to the God who to endorse the Fifty first Congress, he would withdraw the substitute.

The debate was opened by Catchings in explanation of the rule, saying it was the result of the action of the cau cus of last Friday. Springer said the proposed rule con-

templated no change of the Constitution; it was only a proposition whereby the House could do the business for which the members had been sent here. (Republican applause.) The House had sat here for a month past and done scarcely two day's work. He was tired of it, he said, and hoped the House was. He should hail the adoption of the Isaac and Jacob, the God of our fathers | rule as the dawn of a better era in promoting legislation. (The delivery of Springer's remarks was accompanied by almost continuous applause from the Republican benches.

Kilgore was greeted with a round o applause as he began to speak, which caused Speaker Criso to warn the galleies that they were present by courtesy of the House, and that the rules required them to refrain from any dem onstration whatever. "In this case, said the Speaker, "the chair noticed that the applause started in the galle-

Kilgore said be rose chiefly to press his unalterable opposition to the adoption of the rule, of which the genthe daughter of a prominent citizen of tieman from Maine (Reed) was the parent. The rule was unnecessary in his opinion. Rules were not adopted by parliamentary bodies to exp-dite but to hinder the transaction of business; o bridle the majority and to compel t to take all the responsibility of legislation.

Russell of Georgia lamented the humiliating spectacle presented to the country by the Democratic majority of the House, with seventy or eighty more votes than the Republicans and thirty-nine more than a majority, findnaturally highly incensed at the bold- ing themselves unable to do business without calling to their aid the exceptional and revolutionary methods of the Fifty-first Congress.

Mr. Reed said: "I do not desire to address the House again upon the general subject. This scene here today is a more effective address than any I could make. The House is about to adopt the principle for which we contended in the Fifty-first Congress, and is about to adopt it under circumstances which show conclusively to the country its value. No words that I can utter can add to the importance of the occasion. I congratulate the Fiftythird Congress upon the wise decision it is about to make. (Applause on the Republican side. Outhwaite spoke in favor of the pro-

posed new rule. Cummings opposed it. The debate was closed by Catchings, who pointed out the necessity for the adoption of the rule, and said the present conditions were widely different from those which obtained in the Fif-While Catchings was speaking By-

minutes. The Speaker (sharply): The chair keeps the time for the House. This colloquy was greatly enjoyed by the Republicans. The vote on the passage of the reso-

has been speaking more than three

lution was announced at 2 o'clock to have been-yeas 212, nays 47. So the

resolution was agreed to. The announcement was received with loud applause on the Republican side. and many of the members surrounded Reed and congratulated him upon the final triumph of the principle for which he had so long contended.

REED ROBBED OF GLORY.

Wire Proves that he has Sailed under

WASHINGTON, April 18 .- The reading of yesterday's proceedings of the House was listened to with close atention by the leaders of the House When the clerk reached the point discribing the first roll call under the new rule, the names of those reported present, not voting, were not given.

Reed inquired who they were. Crisp replied that the names had not been inserted by the clerk, but they should have been. There was an error in the record which he had been informed was made at the printing of-Reed said he wanted to know who

so that he might know whom to blame. The Speaker said the tellers had not made ary report. The reading of the journal having been concluded, Kilgore asked a correc tion of the Record, which reported him as voting on the first roll call under the new rule yesterday. He did not vote,

by the Speaker, who said the correction

should be made.

Burrows called attention to the speech of Wheeler (Dem.) of Alabama contained in the Record today. The gentleman had been granted one minute by Catchings yesterday, Burrows said, in which to express his views on the quorum counting rule. In that minute, according to the Record, he had been able to say enough to fill four colums of the Record. He knew that the gentleman was a rapid talker, but he did not believe he could talk that

Richardson (Dem.) of Tennessee said Wheeler was not present and suggested that the matter go over until he was

Reed-It is his duty to be here, and f we had a proper system of fines for absence, doubtless he would be. Burrows said that having called atpostpone further consideration until Whe-ler was present. If he had delivered that speech in the minute he was on the floor of course, there was no criticism to make; if he had not he (Burrows) insisted he had violated a rule of House and some action should be taken to expung the speech from the Record. The matter was thereupon posponed. The House went into committee of the whole, Bailey of Texas in the chair, for the consideration of the diplomatic and consular appropriation

The debate was entirley political with only incidental reference to the oill before the House. In its course, Mr. Wise (Dem.) of Virginia read from the Record to show the position taken by ex-Speaker Reed when the amendment offered by J. Randolph Tucker of Virginia to the rules, providing for the counting of a quorum, was under discussion in the Forty-eighth Congress. He showed that Reed opposed the amendment and added with much spirit that "this adulation of Thomas B. Reed by the Republican party was a

miserable pretense. Wise went on to say that Reed was nor with the rules adopted by the State not the originator of this proposition to count a quorum until it was first proposed by a Democrat from Virginia. Grosvenor (Rep.) of Onio, who had several times attempted without success to interrupt Mr. Wise-May I ask the gentleman a question?

Wise, emphatically and amid general laughter—I cannot refuse you the cpportunity to talk. Grosvenor-Was that a Democratic

Congress?
Wise replied that it was; and added that it was his purpose to strip Thos B. Reed of the false colors under which he had sailed. He added that Springer of Illinois had voted and spoken for the

"That vote," said Reed, sotto voce, 'accounts for its defeat." "Garfield." continued Wise, "voted against it and denounced it as unconstitutional; so that this pretense that the country is indebted to the Republican party for this rule, is a base lie. On hat occasion, Reed denounced the proposed rule as a violation of the Consti-

ution and the Republican leaders oined him in the denunciation." Wise stated that he refused to vote resterday for the rule because he had and no opportunity to examine it, and ecause there was no chance to debate . But he believed that if the power resided in the House to bring a man from California to his seat, the House had a right to count his presence for

the transaction of business. Battle With Outlaws. PERRY, O. T., April 19.—News of a terrible fight between the notorious outlaws, Bill Dalton and Bill Doolan and another outlaw, said to be Bitter Creek, and a number of deputy marshals, about forty miles east of here, near Ewen Mountain last night, was received here this morning by messenger. The three outlaws and a woman and her little gril were shot dead, as also were

Oklahoms has been planning for some the party shall considere the registry days to catch the Dalton gang, and list and shall be open to inspection by Marshal Burrell Cox, W. Heck Thomas any member of the party, and the elecand Bill Tighemann of Perry, and a crowd of fourteen marsaals left some days ago for the eastern part of the Cherokee Strip in pursuit of the Daltons. The marshals met Bruce Miller, one of the gang and the fight commenced. This was on McElroy's ranch, fifteen miles this side of Engalls. Bill Daiton and Bill Doolan were near by when the fight occurred, and went to Bruce Miller's assistance, and a regular fight took place. The messengers left the place of conflict last night at 8 o'clock. They say that eight persons in all had been killed and the latest news from the field of conflict is that a running fint is still in progress and it looks very much as though the outlaw gang would be swept out of existence. The price for B:11 Dalton's capture dead or

alive, is \$2,500 and the price for Bill

Doolan's head is \$1,500.

SAVANNAH, April 15 .- The city authorities sat down on Sunday baseball in Savannah today. Savannah and Macon agreed to play the game scheduled for Monday, today, leaving Monday a rest ofday. Announcements of the game were made in the newspapers and scattered through the city. This morning the mayor notified the chief of police not to permit the game. The in this State on the last Tuesday in Aumanagement of the club was also notified. The grounds are just beyond the ter, to nominate candidates for Congress city 'imits, but under the city ordi- to be conducted and managed as is herenance giving the mayor jurisdiction | inbefore provided in the election of deletwo miles beyond the limits, the game gates to the State convention. The vote could not be played. A detail of police to be received, tabulated and announced was stationed at the park gates to en- by the State Executive Committee to force the mayor's order. Over two the chairman of which the result is to be thousand people went out expecting to transmitted by the respective county see the game. The action of the authorities today will probably settle the question of Sinday baseball in Savanty-first Congress and against which nab. The management of the club will not fight the matter.

on the South Bound due here at 9:45

THE COMING CAMPAIGN.

THE DATES OF MEETINGS TO BE SET IN A SHORT TIME.

The State Democratic Executive Commit tee Will Arrange the Programme-Only Reform Candidates Will Appear on the

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 16 .- Politi cians are now looking forward to the beginning of the State campain, and are discussing the showing which will be made on the stump by each of the candidates.

The dates for campaign meetings will have to be fixed by the State Democratic Executive Committee, of which Senator Irby is chairman. It is said that a call for a meeting of this committee will be issued before a great while. The meeting will likely be held some time next month. Nobody knows what are the ideas of the members of the commitwere responsible, the clerks or tellers, tee about the time for the beginning o the campaign, but it will hardly start before the last of May or the first of June. It has heretofore taken about two months to cover the State, allowing about four meetings a week. Beginning the first of June, and taking It for granted that two months will be necessary to get around, this would end the campaign in which statement he was supported about the first of August and allow breathing time before the primary elections in that month.

The campaign meetings are always arranged for the benefit of the candidates for Governor and State officers. What the programme will be for joint debates between Governor Tillman and Senator Butler is not known. It is presumed, however, that the Senatorial candidates will have to do their speaking at the same meetings as the other candidates, although each will have the privilege of addressing as many extra meetings as he desires.

So far it looks like all the speakers. except Senator Butler, will be Reformers. The Reformers have managed things so satisfactorily that their opponents are not apt to be given an opportunity to take advantage of dissensions. There will be no fighting and no divisions. ention to the matter he was willing to This being the fact the Conservatives will not think of putting up candidates for State officers.

Before the Democratic primaries are held the Reformers of the various counties will have held county conventions and sent delegates to the State convention which is to put up Reform candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governer. Inasmuch as the constitution of the Democratic party is not familiar to the people, the following portions of it which should be preserved for future reerence, are given:

Article V. County Democratic con-

ventions shall be composed of delegates elected by the several local clubs, one delegate for every twenty-five voters, as shown by the poli list made at the preceding first primary election, and one delegate for a majority fraction thereof, with the right to each county convention to enlarge or diminsh the representation according to circumstances. The county conventions shall be called together by the chairman of the respective executive committees under such rule, not inconsistent with the constitution Democratic Executive Com each county may adopt, and when assembled shall be called to order by the chairman of the executive committee. and the convention shall proceed to nominate and elect from among its members, a president, one or more vice presidents, a secretary and a treasurer. The clubs recognized by the respective county conventions which sent delegates to the State convention which met on August 13, 1890, shall be recognized as the only legal clubs: Provided, however. That any county convention may permit the formation of new clubs by majority vote of its members: Provided. further. That in all cities with a population of 5,000 and over there many be two clubs in each ward; they shall be organized in obedience to this constitution, as are the clubs elsewhere in this State, and in organizing said clubs they shall have representation in the county conventions respectively, as said conventions shall declare in accordance with the provisions of this constitution. Art. VI. The nominating conven-

tion for the nomination of Governor. Lieutenant Governor and other State officers, in 1892 and thereafter, and for electors for President and Vice President in the same year and every Presidential year thereafter, shall be composed of delegate from each county double the number to which such cour ty is entitled in both branches of the General Assembly. Said delegates are to be chosen by primary elections to be held on the last Tuesday in August of each election year; the delegates elected to receive a majority of the votes cast. At this election only white Democrats shall be allowed to vote, except that negroes who voted for General Hampton in 1876 and who have voted the Democratic ticket continously since may two deputy marshals. Marshal Nix of be allowed to vote. The club rolls of tion under this clause shall be held and regulated under the Act of the General Assembly of this State, approved De cember 22, 1888, and any subsequent Acts of the Legislature of this State Second primaries when necessary shall

be held two weeks later. Art. VIII. The State Executive committee shall be composed of one member from each county, to be elected , the respective delegations and elected the convention. If any vacancy ocur on the State ticket or for electors, by leath, removal or other cause the comnittee shall have the power to fill the vacancy by a majority vote of the whole committee. Art. IX. When the State convention

assembles it shall be called to order by the chairman of the State Executive Committee. A temporary president hall be nominated and elected by the v nvention; and after its organization the invention shall proceed immediately to he election of permanent officers and to the transaction of business. When the business has concluded it shall adjourn sine die. Art. X. There shall be a primary election in each Congressional District

gust, 1892, and every two years thereafchairmen by the first Tuesday in September, 1892, and every two years thereafter. The election for Solicitors for the different Circuits shall be by primary,

Bynum: The clock shows that he as been speaking more than three ninutes.

Was knock off. The push car was for State offices to address the people of the different counties of the date of the meetings, and also invitate the date of the meetings, and also invitate that is calculated to relieve; the State from the present unhappy condition of affairs. Judge Izlar, however is the date of the meetings, and also invitate that is calculated to relieve; the State from the present unhappy condition of affairs. Judge Izlar, however is the date of the meetings, and also invitate that is calculated to relieve; the state from the present unhappy condition of affairs. Judge Izlar, however is the date of the meetings, and also invitate that is calculated to relieve; the state from the present unhappy condition of affairs. Judge Izlar, however is the date of the meetings, and also invitate that is calculated to relieve; the state from the present unhappy condition of affairs. Judge Izlar, however is the date of the meetings, and also invitate the date of the meetings. various descriptions were distributed broadcast over the territory round about. It is supposed that the car had States Senate, delegates to the State rier to the effect that the proposed been stolen by some colored persons who were using it to assist them in moving their household goods.—State moving their household goods.—State

men.

meetings only the candidates above set forth shall be allowed to speak. Art. XII. It shall be the duty of point meetings in their respective counties to be addressed by the candidates for the General Assambly and for the different county officers, all of whom, exshall be elected by primary on the last Tuesday in August of each election year under the same rules and regulations hereinbefore provided.—Register.

A RIOT IN DETROIT. Clash Between Striking Poles and a Sher

iff's Posse. DETROIT, Mich., April 18,-Trouble has been brewing between the water board and the Polish laborers engaged

to lay the pipe extension east of the water-works near Connor's creek, four miles from the city, over the question of wages for some days. These men were quarrelsome yesterday and refused to go to work themselues or allow any one else to do so, but no serious outbreak occurred. At 5 o'clock this morning an angry ooking mob began to gather at the scene and when 7 o'clock arrived, more

than five hundred men carrying pickaxes and spades were patrolling the road. Four policemen were sworn in as deputy sheriffs and a force of eighteen men were put to work. The strikers threatened to kill the first man who dared attempt to do acy work, and when one of the men, more daring than his fellow workmen, jumped into the ditch, he was savagely assaulted The handful of deputies were overpowered and the strikers were left in possession for the time being. At 10 o'clock the mob further armed itself with clubs and cudgels. Sherine collins was telephoned for

and hurried to the scene, taking with him half a dozen deputies. After a conference with the water board about work for the day and then the clash came. Wnen Engineer Williams attempted to withdraw his men peace ully, the strikers became furious and made an onslaught on one of the men. Sheriff Colliss ordered the mob to dis perse, threatening to shoot it the order was not obeyed. The mob appeared maddened, however, and continued the attack. Then the sheriff ordered his posse to fire. He suited the action to he words, and fired three shots from his revolver in rapid succession. This was a signal for a volley from the depaties, who emptied their revolvers at the advancing mob. Two strikers were shot dead, and at least fifteen others are more or less dangerously wounded. This had a demoralizing effect on the mob and it fell back. Police headquarters were notified and a large force of policemen were hurried to the scene,

and all the amoulances in the city. The trouble commenced when Engineer Williams gave the order for the removal of the suction pumps and tools from a small excavation that had been made at the end of the pipe line in preparation for the work. As he spoke n English, however, the mob did not comprehend what he said. Sheriff Collins stood near the excavation with a deputy. The deputy spoke German and told the mob that the water board had given in and it only wanted to remove ts tools. Foreman Cathey then umped into the excavation and began

taking up the pump. One of the strikers yelled: "Are we going to stand this? Let us all strike together." At this speech there was a forward rush of the strikers, who held their shovels and picks aloft. Cathy was struck a blow on the head, which knocked him to the bottom of the excavation. Sheriff Collins waved his arms wildly and fairly shrieked to the mob to stand back, but his efforts were wasted. No attention being paid to what he said. Instead of retreating, he drew his revolver and aimed it plank at the crowd. He fired three shots as rapidly as he could pull the trigger. Then a long-handled shovel upraised behind him, descended swiftly nd a corner of it pierced his skull. He was struck again and again and was probably fatally injured. Foreman Cathy is also fatally injured. One member of the water works police was seriously cut. The two strikers killed

and all the wounded are Poles. The trouble really began yesterayd, when Engineer Williams of the water works sought to introduce a system of paying the men by the cubic yard of excavation instead of a daily wage ate. The Polish laborers rebelled at this and as a result the water board de-

cided to suspend operations. This afternoon and evening deputy sheriffs scoured the Polish quarter for the rioters and by night fifty of the lawbreakers had been gathered in. The corridors of the jail cell block were filled with them. About 6 o'clock a group of Polanders gathered about the jail and made ugly demonstrations. One of them was shot in the leg by a deputy sheriff and carted off to a hospital. The crowd about the jail, mostly spectators, continued until midnight The Polish quarter is all excitement tonight. A meeting was arranged in a Polish hall for tonight from which it was declared the Polanders would march to the jail and wreck it, but the police were watchful and the meeting did not materialize.

Home Folks in Washington. WASHINGTON, April 16.—Judge Izlar s rapidly becoming familiar with his Congressional duties, and to-day he made the round of the executive depart ment in the interest of his constituents He has been overrun with requests for flower and garden seed, and he says he was not aware until he visited the agricultural department that the quota be-lenging to the 1st district had been exhausted for the present session by his predecessor, Judge Brawley. It did not take Judge Izlar long to learn that some of the Congressmen who live in city districts sometimes make exchanges of seed for books and Congressional publications, so Judge Izlar is now negotiat ing a deal by which he hores to fulfil some of the requests for garden seed. There is considerable comment among the members of South Carolina

delegation over the revival of the

Hampton proposition to organize Anti-

Fillman clubs throughout the State.

Representative Latimer says he does

not think it will assist in quieting the

contending factions to start such a

movement at this time. On the contrary, he says it is calculated to increase the bitterness on both sides and solidify the "Reform" element. He is fearful that the recent outbreak at Darlington and Florence is but a forerunner of futher difficulty. He regrets that the feeling between the town olks and the country people is so intense, and he also regrets that military companies are being formed in many country districts. He predict's that the coming campaign will be one of the most exciting in the history of the State and he is very much afraid it will end in bloodshed. He would like to see all the differences of opinion now existing between the Conservative and Reform" factions, growing out of the dispensary law, submitted to a veto of the people, and whichever side is outpeacefully abide the result. Judge Izlar is naturally cautious in discussing the situation at home, for he realizes that the feeling is running high between the contending factions. subject to the same rules and regula- and any thing said at this time is apt tions, and to be announced in the same to be misconstrued or misunderstoo COLUMBIA, S. C., April 17.—The train | way as before set forth for Congress- | He does not see the propriety at this time of starting the Hampton clubs. in He is very fond of Gen Hampton and under ordinary word for it, and it is safe to say that he will not go back.—Chronicle.

| State offices to address the people of the men's attention to the fact that his time has expired when the limit is reached.

| State offices to address the people of the men's attention to the fact that his time has expired when the limit is reached.

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> Drowned. PENSACOLA, Fla., April 16.—George W. Southgate, superintendent of the Pensacola water works, was drowned while returning from a fish dinner across the bay yesterday. He left the city in company with five other gentlemen in a small sail boat and reached their destination safely, but when about six miles from the mainland or their return, the boat was capsized and all three went into water. The party managed to hold on to the boat until daybreak this morning, when Mr. outhgate became exhausted and died. The balance of the party was rescued by a passing barge.

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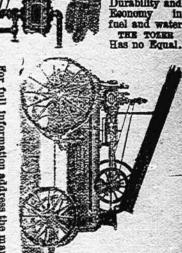




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